

Instructions:

- (i) Read all the questions carefully.
- (ii) Read the instructions given with the questions before attempting them.
- (iii) Marks allotted to each question are given against them.

SECTION - A

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

In 1866, Alfred Nobel, a Swedish chemist, introduced a form of nitroglycerine that could be handled safely. He called it dynamite. In 1875, he went on to invent gelignite. These explosives were used in engineering application, but they also had an obvious military application. As a committed pacifist, Nobel hoped that his explosives would provide such a deterrent to war that they would bring peace to mankind. His inventions did not bring peace, but they did bring him a massive fortune, which he used in his will to endow the Nobel Prizes awarded to those who have conferred the greatest benefit to mankind in Five categories. He left £ 32,00,000 in his will to finance prizes in physics, chemistry, physiology or medicine, literature and peace. The Bank of Sweden inaugurated a new Nobel Prize for Economics in 1969. In 1903, Marie Curie became the first woman to win the Nobel Prize, sharing it with her husband.

(i)	Who was Alfred Nobel?
	(a) Indian Chemist (b) African Chemist
	(c) Swedish Chemist (d) English Chemist
(ii)	What did Alfred Nobel introduce?
	(a) medicine (b) form of nitroglycerine
	(c) chemistry (d) gelignite
(iii)	
	(a) 1866 (b) 1875
	(c) 1903 (d) 1969
(iv)	·
	(a) to finance prize in physics
	(b) to finance prize in chemistry
	(c) to finance prize in literature and peace
	(d) All of the above
(v)	Who was the first woman to win the Nobel Prize?
	(a) Marie Curie (b) Mother Teresa
	(c) Kalpana Chawla (d) Indira Gandhi
Rea	d the passage carefully and answer the questions given below: 1×5=5
Gan	adhiji travelled a lot. He always travelled third class in trains. He did so ause all poor people, in India, travelled third. In those days were three

Once, Gandhiji got off at Bombay (Mumbai) from a third class railway compartment. Lots of people had come to meet him. Among them were some American men and women. They went into Gandhiji's compartment. They saw that it was very small.

"Why doesn't he travel first?" asked one of the ladies.



2

Questions:

"I	"I don't know. Let's go and ask him," replied one of the gentlemen.								
"M	r. Ga	ndhi, we've come to as	a Question " The contlement and the						
Gar	ndhiji	, "you're the leader of th	people, but you travel third. Please						
tell	us w	hy you travel third?		(2)					
Con	adhiii	laughed and said "The	ancivor	is very simple. I travel third because					
tha	ro is t	o fourth" He laughed a	miswet	Is very simple. I travel third because					
lne	chod	with him.	zam am	the American ladies and gentlemen					
iau	gneu	WITH IIII.		60					
Que	estion	s:		grow, at a d					
(i)	In v	which class did Gandhi	ii travo	el vin?					
(-)			•	Brook.					
-	(a)	First class							
	(b)	Third class							
				8 6					
	(c)	Second class		previous .					
	(d)	All of these (a, b, c)	*						
(ii)	Wh	o came to meet Gandhi	iii at M	lumbai Railway Station?					
()			·J	\$14 Miles					
	(a)	One person	(b)	Few people					
	(c)	Some people	(d)	Lots of people					
(!!!)		• •		went into Gandhiji's compartment?					
(iii)	VV II	ich country's men and	women	yed mis Ganangia					
	(a)	Australia	(b)	India					
	(c)	England	(d)	America					
	65565	2 2 22		grand frame					
(iv)	Give	e the opposite word of	poor.	Card Card Card Card Card Card Card Card					
	(a)	honest	(b)	Fich					
	(c)	poor	(d)	holy					
0	(c)	•							
(v)	Give	e the synonym of word	'simple	*CO					
	(a)	small	(b)	smart					
	(c)	easy	(d)	difficult					
	(V			P.T.O.					

SECTION - B

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Students who are very fond of reading books are often labelled by their companions as bookworms. Their criticism generally comes from students who consider themselves better in sports. Students who shine in athletics or in games consider that it is better to spend time and energy in a sports arena than in a classroom or at the reading desk. All the same they do envy their fellows who shine academically. Academic honour has a glamour which is unique. It is not to be denied that playing games is useful activity, because it creates team spirit and also makes the sportsmen healthy and vigorous. That is why games and sports are given so much importance in the curriculum of schools and colleges. But studies should not be neglected and should be given due importance along with other activities connected with education. Let each type of activity have its own place in our daily routine. Then only will we have students both academically sound and physically fit. We want our educational system to generate this synergy among our youth.

Questions:

3

- On the basis of your reading of the above passage, make notes on it.
- Give a suitable title to it.
- 4 You are Manthan/Mahi studying in Govt. H.S. School Bajrang Nagar, Indore. Write an application to your principal requesting him to issue you your School Leaving Certificate (S.L.C).

OR

Write a letter to your friend to invite him to attend your birthday party

- Write an essay in about 150 words on any one of the following topics: 5
 - Importance of Games and Sports (i)
 - (ii) Any Festival
 - (iii) Save tree
 - (iv) Science in daily life
 - (v) My hobby

OR

Write a paragraph in about 150 words on 'Importance of Yoga'.



7	Fill	in	the	blanks	:	(any	five)	
---	------	----	-----	--------	---	------	-------	--

1×5=5

(i)	My uncle	is	M. L.	A. (a	, an the)
(ii)	You	_sit here.	(dare,	may,	should)

____dog seldom bite. (Barking, Barks, Bark) (iii)

(iv) Hema has been dancing _____morning. (for, since, from)

(v) The servant didn't make____tea. (many, much, a little)

(vi). _____ there is life, there is hope (If, Unless, As long as)

(vii) Mohan is sitting Ram and Shyam. (between, among, against)

8	Do	oc di	rooted . (- m			4-4	s.	* E		
0			rected : (any fi	,		€ ©			1×5=5	
	, ((i) Kshitij plays cricket. (Change into past indefinite tense) (ii) Ram killed Ravan. (Change the voice)								
	(ii)	hove	thought	(Change the	e voi	ce)				
	(iii)		e/they/a/new/car			N				
	(i)	Tall	arrange the wor	ds to make	a me	aningful s	entence)			
•	(iv)		properly			15.00° F				
			all beat you.			άc.				
			nbine the sente							
	(v)	lo i	ind error in oth	ers is easy.	(Rev	vrite the se	entence be	eginning w	ith 'It')	
	(vi)		a cooked food.		ito ne	gative sen	tence)			
	(vii)	The	box is very hea	avy.		CA.				
		I can	n not lift it				10			
		(Cor	nbine the pair of	of sentences	usin	g sotl	hat)			
		https	:://www.mpboard	lonline.com		90				
				2		N.				
			<i>i</i> .	SECT	rion	D	£.			
9	Choo	se tl	ne correct answ	ver :		2			1×4=4	
18 10	(i)		was Lencho?							
	` '	(a)	Postmaster		(b)	Postman		*		
		(c)	Peasant		(d)	Doctor				
	(ii)	` ′	Tay in South A	frica is	0.00	N				
	()	(a)	Summer day		(b)	Autumn o	lav			
		(c)	Winter day		(d)	Rainy day	•			
	(iii)		thly accounts	of the bake	100 S	17 17 1/2				
	()	(a)	a note book	of the bank	(b)				ī	
		(c)	some wall in p	encil	(d)	the floor				
	(iv)	_	main crop of		0000	f-in-	•			
	()	(a)	tea	coorg is	(b)	coffee				
		(c)	127	÷!	0050 5X	wheat	•			
	_	5100020	banana	2	(d)	Car		,95		
41	1 / 1	0250	B_A		6				P.T.O.	
					10	7				

10	(A)	THE VIUILY MILL ONGWION AT								
		Barry in the row real of 1936 I fenrelled.								
		Short Divinis evaluations								
		When I casually mentioned this to a friend he as assembly as I've that								
		That better get one in the Tigris marshes, for there they were as common								
		as mosquitoes, and were often tamed by the Arabs. We were going to Basra to the Consulate-General to collect and answer our mail from								
		Europe. At the Consulate-General we found that my friend's mail had								
		arrived but that mine had not.								
		Questions:								
		(i) The author travelled								
		(a) U. S. A. (b) Iraq								
		(c) Australia (d) Japan								
		(ii) When did the author travel?								
		(a) 1947 (b) 1956								
		(c) 1999 (d) 1971								
		(iii) The author wanted to keep an otter instead of a								
		(a) dog (b) cat								
		(c) monkey (d) cow								
	(B)	Read the extract below carefully and answer the questions: $1\times 3=3$								
		Belinda tickled him, she tickled him unmerciful.								
		Ink, Blink and Mustard, they rudely called him Percival,								
	v	They all sat laughing in the little red wagon								
		At the realio, trulio cowardly dragon.								
		Ouestions:								
		(i) Who is the poet of the above extract?								
		(a) Robert Frost (b) Ogden Nash								
		(c) Carl Sandburg (d) Robin Klein								
	•	(ii) Whom did Belinda tickle?								
		(a) Ink (b) Blink								
		(c) Mustard (d) Custard								
		(iii) They all satin the little red wagon.								
		(a) playing (b) laughing								
_		(c) talking (d) studying (P.T.O.)								
_	.	7								
411	∐′	102508_A								

11	Ar	nswer the questions in		
	(i)	What did Lencho hope for?	*	2×6=12
	(ii)	TOPP IN IN		
		Where did the ceremonies take place? Can you name any publi in India that are made of sandstone?	c buildi	ng
	(įii	- Or Schiller		
	(iv	and most inpredictable? In Mark	strangel	y?
	(v)	Justifult-like appearance mean?		:? How?
	(vi)	will does vall stand up on the seat? What does also see a		
	(vii	what did the Duddha do after he had attained anlightanment)	
	(vii	i) What compelled the young seagull to take his first flight?	í	
		OI.		
12	Ans	swer the following questions in about 30 words: (any two)		2×2=4
	(i)	what does 'Fire and Ice' stand for in the poem?		
	(ii)	How does the poet suggest that you identify the lion and tiger?	When c	an
	40 ***********	you do so, according to nim?	WHICH C	an
	(iii)	Is Amanda an orphan? Why does she say so?		
		general and the second and the secon		
13	Ans	wer the following questions in about 30 words: (any two)		2×2=4
	(1)	Why does Mrs. Pumphrey think the dog's recovery is a triumph of	f surger	y?
	(ii)	Who was Fowler? Why did he want to meet Ausable?		•
	(iii)	Why was the invisible man wandering the street?		
		~		*
14	Ans	wer the questions in about 75 words: (any one)		3×1=3
	(i)	How did Mandela's hunger for freedom change his life?		
	(ii)	Why does Lomove think he should get married?		
15	Ansv	wer the questions in about 75 words: (any one)		3×1=3
	(i)	Write the central idea of the poem		
		'How to tell wild animal?'		
	(ii)	What does the young boy say to Anne Gregory?		
16	Ansv	wer the following questions in about 75 words: (any one)		3×1=3
	(i)	What was the cause of Matilda's ruin? How could she have ave	oided it	?
	(ii)	Why does the marriage not take place?		
		N	200	
				*
411	7/ 10	02508_A	982	
	٦, "	D2500_A	100	