

Syllabus

Q. 4.
$$A = [a_{ij}]_{m \times n}$$
 is a square matrix,

$$(\mathbf{A}) \ m < n \tag{B}$$

$$(\mathbf{C}) \ m = n \tag{D}$$

Ans. Option (C) is correct.

Explanation: It is known the said to be a square matrix if is equal to the number of column Therefore, $A = [a_{ij}]_{m \times n} \text{ is a square matrix}$

Q. 5. Which of the given values following pair of matrices equ

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3x+7 & 5 \\ y+1 & 2-3x \end{bmatrix}'$$

(A)
$$x = \frac{-1}{3}, y = 7$$
 (B)

(C)
$$y = 7, x = \frac{-2}{3}$$
 (D)

Also
$$A + A' = I$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2\cos \alpha \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Equating corresponding entors $2\cos \alpha = 1$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$

 $\cos \alpha = \cos$

 $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{3}$

Q. 10. Matrices A and B will be inve

if

$$(\mathbf{A}) \ AB = BA \tag{B}$$

Explanation: We know that if $b_{ij} = 0$ when $i \neq j$ then it is smatrix. Here, b_{12} , b_{13} $\neq 0$ is not a diagonal matrix.

Now,
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -5 \\ 5 & 0 \\ -8 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$B' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 5 \\ -5 & 0 \\ 8 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 12 \\ = -\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \\ -8 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= -B$$



Q. 5. Let A and B be two symmetric Assertion (A): A(BA) and (matrices.

Reason (**R**): AB is symme multiplication of A with B is c

Ans. Option (B) is correct.

Explanation: Generally (AB) If AB = BA, then (AB)' = (BA) Since (AB)' = AB, AB is a Hence R is true.

A(BA) = (AB)A(ABA)' = A'B'

A(BA) and (AB)A are symmetric A is true.

But R is not the correct expla

Explanation: Total revenue of
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 10,000 & 2,000 & 18,000 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= [2.50 \times 10,000 + 1.50 \times 2,000 + 1.50 \times 2,000]$$

$$= [46,000]$$

Ans. Option (B) is correct.

Explanation: Total revenue of

$$= [6,000 \quad 20,000 \quad 8,000] \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= [2.50 \times 6,000 + 1.50 \times 20,00]$$

Q. 3. $(bA)^T$ is equal to

$$(\mathbf{A}) \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 \\ 2 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{I}$$

(C)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ -6 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ans. Option (B) is correct.

Explanation:

$$bA = -2A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(bA)^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q. 4. AC – BC is equal to

$$(\mathbf{A}) \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -6 \\ -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

total money collected by all s

(A) ₹18,000

(

(C) ₹5,000

()

Ans. Option (D) is correct.

Q. 5. How many articles (in total schools?

(A) 230

(1

(C) 430

 $(\mathbf{I}$

Ans. Option (D) is correct.

IV. Read the following text and questions on the basis of the

On her birthday, Seema decomoney to children of an orphwere 8 children less, every ₹10 more. However, if there we everyone would have got ₹10 of children be x and the ar Seema for one child be y (in ₹

$$x = 32$$
$$y = 30$$

Hence, 32 children were giv Seema.

Q. 4. How much amount is given Seema?

(1

Ans. Option (B) is correct.

Explanation: ₹ 30 is given to [: y = 30]

Q. 5. How much amount Seema s the money to all the students

(

(C) ₹906

(

Ans. Option (B) is correct.

Explanation: Total amount

Basmati Permal Naura

$$[10,000 \ 20,000 \ 30,000]$$
 $[50,000 \ 30,000 \ 10,000]$

 Basmati Permal Nau

 =
 $[200 \ 400 \ 600]$
 $[300 \ 600]$
 $[300 \ 600]$

Thus, in September Guruch ₹ 600 and ₹ 200 as Profit in th of rice, respectively.

VI. Read the following text and questions on the basis of the There are three families A, I of members in these families below.

30 35 20 25	Men	V
Family A	3	
Family B	2	

Ans. Option (A) is correct.

Explanation:

Ans. Option (B) is correct.

Explanation:
$$\begin{bmatrix}
25 \\
100 \\
50
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
100 \\
50
\end{bmatrix}$$
Fund roised by SNIP = $\frac{3}{2}$