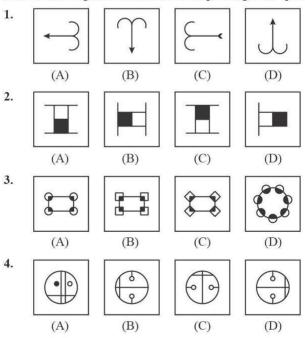
JAWAHAR NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA [Entrance Exam]

[EXAMINATION: 29 APRIL, 2023]

SECTION-1: MENTAL ABILITY TEST

PART-I

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 1 to 4, four figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) have been given in each question. Of these four figures, three figures are similar in some way and one figure is different. Select the figure which is different. Darken the circle for the answer in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.



PART-II

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 5 to 8, a question figure is given in question figure and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Select the answer figure which is exactly the same as the question figure and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

5. Question Figure



Answer Figures









6. Question Figure



Answer Figures









7. Question Figure



Answer Figures









8. Question Figure



Answer Figures









PART-III

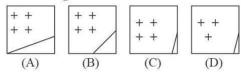
DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 9 to 12, there is a question figure, a part of which is missing. Observe the answer figures (A), (B), (C)

and (D) and find out the answer figure which, without changing the direction, fits in the missing part of the question figure in order to complete the pattern in the question figure. Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

9. Question Figure



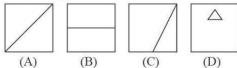
Answer Figures



10. Question Figure



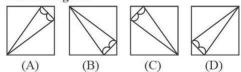
Answer Figures



11. Question Figure



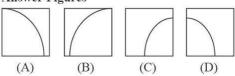
Answer Figures



12. Question Figure



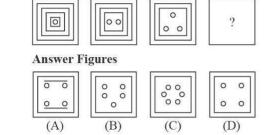
Answer Figures



PART-IV

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 13 to 16, there are three question figures and the space for the fourth figure is left blank. The question figures are in a series. Find out one figure from among the given answer figures which occupies the blank space for the fourth figure and completes the series. Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

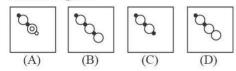
13. Question Figures



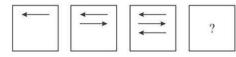
14. Question Figures



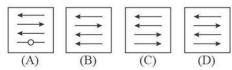
Answer Figures



15. Question Figures

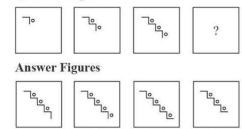


Answer Figures



16. Question Figures

(A)



(B)

PART-V

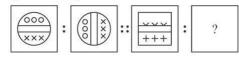
(C)

(D)

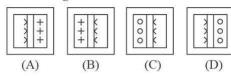
DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 17 to 20, there are two sets of two question figures each. The second set has an interrogation

mark (?). There exists a relationship between the first two question figures. Similar relationship should exist between the third and the fourth question figure. Select one of the answer figures which replaces the mark of interrogation. Darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

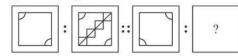
17. Question Figures



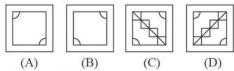
Answer Figures



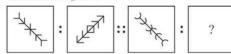
18. Question Figures



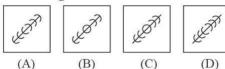
Answer Figures



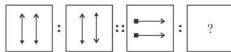
Question Figures 19.



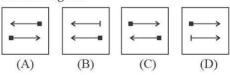
Answer Figures



Question Figures



Answer Figures



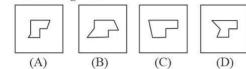
PART-VI

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 21 to 24, one part of a geometrical figure (Triangle, Square, Circle) is given as question figure and the other one is among the four answer figures (A), (B), (C) and (D). Find the figure that completes the geometrical figure and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figure



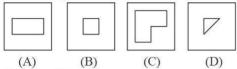
Answer Figures



22. **Question Figure**



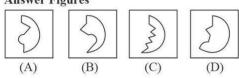
Answer Figures



23. **Question Figure**



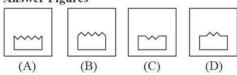
Answer Figures



24. Question Figure



Answer Figures

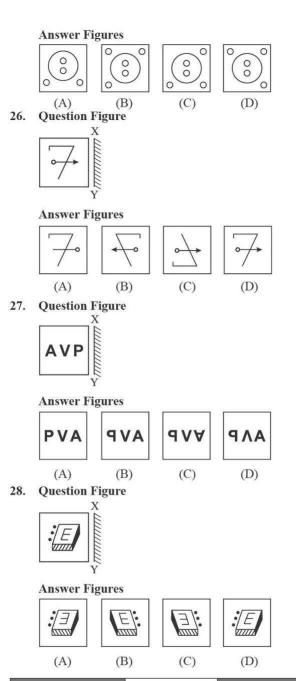


PART-VII

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 25 to 28, there is a question figure is given and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Select the answer figure which is exactly the mirror image of the question figure when the mirror is held at XY. Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figure

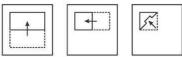


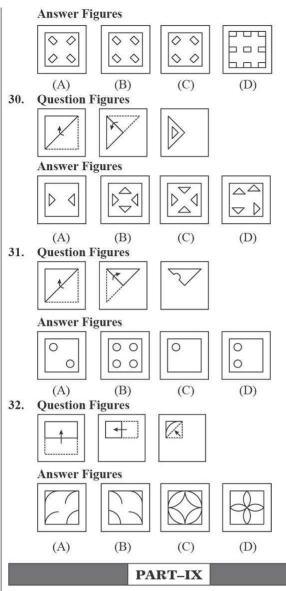


PART-VIII

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. **29** to **32**, a piece of paper is folded and punched as shown in the question figures, and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Select the answer figure which indicates how the paper will appear when opened (unfolded). Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

29. Question Figures



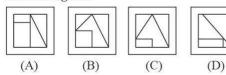


DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 33 to 36, a question figure is given and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Select the answer figure which can be formed from the cut-out pieces given in the question figure. Darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

33. Question Figure



Answer Figures



Question Figure



Answer Figures







35. Question Figure



Answer Figures









Question Figure



Answer Figures



(A)







PART-X

DIRECTIONS: In Question Nos. 37 to 40, a question figure is given and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Select the answer figure in which the question figure is hidden/embedded. Darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figure



Answer Figures





(B)



(C)



Question Figure



Answer Figures









39. Question Figure



Answer Figures









40. Question Figure



Answer Figures









SECTION-2: ARITHMETIC TEST

DIRECTIONS: For every question, four probable answers as (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Only one out of these is correct. Choose the correct answer and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

- 41. A group of 80 students went on a picnic. 20% of the students are girls and rest are boys. How many girls should replace the boys so as to make the boys as 70%?
 - (A) 16
- (B) 24
- (C) 12
- (D) 8
- 42. A 1250 m long train covers a distance of 1 km in 2 minutes. It crosses another stationary train in 4 minutes. The length of the stationary train is:
 - (A) 1250 m (B) 500 m (C) 750 m
- (D) 1000 m
- 43. Rahim got 10 marks more than Dinesh. George got 25 marks less than Rahim. The total marks of all the three are 235. The marks of George are:
 - (A) 80
- (B) 65
- (C) 90
- (D) 75

44.	On simplification of $10 \times 10 + [400 \div \{100 - (50 - 3 \times 10)\}]$, we get:	58. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 3, 4, 5 and 6? (A) 36 (B) 60 (C) 80 (D) 90
45.	(A) 265 (B) 65 (C) 310 (D) 105 360 g is what percent of 3 kg?	59. On dividing 4.239 by 0.9 we get: (A) 0.471 (B) 4.71 (C) 47.1 (D) 471
46.	(A) 12% (B) 15% (C) 18% (D) 21% The difference between the cost price and the selling price of a commodity is ₹ 240. If the profit is 20%, then the selling price is: (A) ₹ 1200 (B) ₹ 1440 (C) ₹ 1800 (D) ₹ 2440	60. My watch shows 7:05 a.m. It is 25 minutes fast. The correct time is: (A) 7:30 a.m. (B) 7:50 a.m. (C) 6:40 a.m. (D) 5:40 a.m.
47.	The length, width and height of a water tank are 11 m, 10 m and 9 m respectively. The tank is filled with water up to 6 m height. The empty portion of the water tank is: (A) $\frac{1}{4}$ (B) $\frac{1}{3}$ (C) $\frac{1}{6}$ (D) $\frac{2}{3}$	DIRECTIONS: There are four passages in this section. Each passage is followed by five questions. Read each passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. For each question,
48.	How many rectangular tiles of dimensions $10 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm}$ are required to cover the floor of a hall having dimensions $12 \text{ m} \times 10 \text{ m}$? (A) 12000 (B) 15000 (C) 10000 (D) 18000	four probable answers as (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Only one out of these is correct. Choose the correct answer and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.
49.	A dealer gets ₹ 56 less if instead of selling a chair at a gain of 15%, he sells it at a gain of 8%. The cost price of the chair is: (A) ₹ 700 (B) ₹ 800 (C) ₹ 900 (D) ₹ 950	PASSAGE-1 A volcano is a burning mountain with a great hole running deep into the earth. The mouth of the opening is called the 'crater' of the
50.	A 1 km long goods train is running at a speed of 45 km/h. The time taken by this goods train to pass through a 2 km long tunnel is: (A) 1 minute (B) 2 minutes (C) 3 minutes (D) 4 minutes	volcano. Sometimes a volcano may remain quiet for centuries and then suddenly become active. This is called a 'volcanic eruption', and great clouds of ash, dust, gas and steam rise from the crater accompanied by a loud noise. After sometime, hot molten rock, called lava, begins to flow down the mountain. This may continue for many days or weeks. Then the volcano will 'go to sleep' again,
51.	Five thousand five hundred fifty-five is written as: (A) 5055 (B) 5505 (C) 5550 (D) 5555	or remain 'dormant' for many years. Most volcanoes are found near the sea, leading to formation of islands.
52.	The difference between the greatest and smallest 4-digit number using all the digits 9, 7, 0 and 4 is: (A) 8991 (B) 5391 (C) 9261 (D) 5661	61. What is not true about a volcano?(A) It is like big forest fires.(B) It gives out ash, dust and lava.(C) It is found mostly near the sea.
53.	The sum of two numbers is 8 and their product is 15. What is the sum of their reciprocals? (A) $\frac{8}{15}$ (B) $\frac{15}{8}$ (C) 23 (D) 7	(D) It creates a great hole deep into the earth. 62. When a volcano erupts, it is said to be (A) dormant (B) sleeping (C) active (D) quiet
54.	The H.C.F. of $2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5^5$, $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7$ and $2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5 \times 7^2 \times 13$ is: (A) $2^2 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7 \times 13$ (B) $2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5^5$ (C) $2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5^2 \times 7 \times 11$ (D) $2^2 \times 3^2 \times 5$	 63. The lava that flows down the mountain is in state. (A) solid (B) liquid (C) vapour (D) gaseous 64. The antonym of 'quiet' here is (A) calm (B) serene (C) still (D) active
55.	If 15 is the sum of three consecutive numbers, then the square of the middle number is: (A) 16 (B) 25 (C) 36 (D) 49	65. 'Accompanied' as used in the passage, means (A) alongwith (B) followed by (C) happened (D) continued
56.	A number with 4 or more digits is divisible by 8, if the: (A) number is even (B) last digit is divisible by 8 (C) last two digits are divisible by 8 (D) last three digits are divisible by 8	PASSAGE-2 Sometimes we get bored doing the same kind of job. It reduces our efficiency, so we should have some entertainment to refresh ourselves. Then we can resume our work with the same efficiency
57.	5 cm is expressed in kilometres as: (A) 0.005 km (B) 0.0005 km (C) 0.00005 km (D) 0.000005 km	and enthusiasm. Tension or worries are the enemies of our health. Laughter is the best medicine to get rid of unwanted tension or worries. We can also visit parks, museums, sanctuaries, etc. to

remove our tension. Physical exercise is also as important as	at least eighteen hours a day.
playing games.	76. Lal Bahadur Shastri was the Prime Minister of India.
66. We get bored doing the kind of job.	(A) second (B) first
(A) different (B) separate	(C) third (D) fourth
(C) similar (D) apart	77. He battled all odds in his life.
67. After some entertainment, we can our work.	(A) for (B) against
(A) end (B) finish (C) close (D) resume	(C) in (D) into
68. Laughter helps us in getting rid of	78. He became a leader.
(A) hereditary diseases only	(A) one man (B) few men
(B) unwanted tension	(C) mob (D) mass
(C) unforeseeable problems only	
(D) viral diseases	79. 'Became' is the tense of the verb. (A) present (B) past
69. 'Resume' means the same was	(A) present (B) past (C) future (D) indefinite
(A) take back (B) start again	
(C) finish (D) discontinue	80. 'Complete' is the synonym of
	(A) begin (B) commence
70. 'Efficiency' is the antonym of	(C) finish (D) open
(A) edge (B) effectiveness	SOLUTIONS
(C) inefficiency (D) effusiveness	SOLUTIONS
PASSAGE-3	1. (C) In all the figures except (C), one of the ends of the line is attached to an arrowhead.
We cannot judge a person merely through his outward appearance. Appearances are often deceptive. It is difficult to know one's	2. (D) In all the figures except (D), the rectangle lies between two
virtues or qualities at a glance. Sometimes we are drawn towards	parallel lines. 3. (D) All the figures except (D) contains a rectangle.
a person by his outward appearance. But later we realise that we	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
judged him wrong. Many things appear attractive superficially.	4. (A) All the figures except (A) can be rotated into each other.
But very often things are not what they seem to be. We should	5. (C) 6. (B) 7. (B) 8. (A) 9. (C) 10. (A) 11. (B) 12. (B)
find out the true nature of a person or a thing.	13. (D) In each step, the innermost square is removed and the number
71. Outward appearances are often	of circles are increased by 1.
(A) deceptive (B) strong	14. (C) A dot and a circle are added alternatively along the diagonals
(C) clear (D) true	of the outer square.
72. What is difficult to know at a glance?	15. (D) A right pointing arrow and a left pointing arrow are added
(A) One's name (B) One's address	alternatively.
(C) One's virtues (D) One's ambition	16. (B) In each step, the elements of the first figure are added so as to
73. Mostly we are attracted towards a person by his/her	obtain a staircase like pattern.
(A) inner show(B) attractive personality(C) outward appearance(D) mental power	17. (A) In each pair, the first figure is rotated by 90° in an anticlockwise direction to obtain the second figure.
74. 'Attractive' is not the synonym of .	18. (C) In order to obtain the second figure, the diagonally opposite
(A) beautiful (B) pretty	vertices of the square, which are not attached to an arc are connected
(C) lovely (D) ugly	by a line and four small squares are added along that diagonal.
75. 'Deceptive' is a/an .	19. (B) In order to obtain the second figure, all the elements attached
(A) Adverb (B) Verb	to the line segment are reversed.
(C) Adjective (D) Noun	20. (C) In order to obtain the second figure, one of the two similar
(2) 110	looking elements is reversed while the other one remains unchanged. 21. (D) 22. (B) 23. (B) 24. (A) 25. (B) 26. (B)
PASSAGE-4	27. (B) 28. (C) 29. (C) 30. (C) 31. (A) 32. (C)
Lal Bahadur Shastri was the second Prime Minister of India. He	33. (B) 34. (B) 35. (B) 36. (A) 37. (D) 38. (A)
is said to be one of the best leaders India has ever produced. But	39. (B) 40. (A)
only a few people know about his early life. He battled against	41. (D) Let x girls should replace the boys. Then,
all odds in his life to complete his studies. After completing his	Number of girls = $80 \times \frac{20}{100} = 16$
studies he did not opt for any job. He was eager to join the freedom	100
movement. Soon he became a mass leader. He became the Prime	Now, $\frac{16+x}{80} = \frac{30}{100}$
Minister of India in 1964. He was a laborious person and worked	$\Rightarrow 1600 + 100r = 2400 \Rightarrow 100r = 800 \Rightarrow r = 8$

42. (C) Speed of 1st train =
$$\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}} = \frac{1 \times 1000}{2 \times 60} = \frac{25}{3}$$
 m/s

Let the length of stationary train be x m. Then,

$$= \frac{1250 + x}{\frac{25}{3}} = 4 \times 60$$
 [:: 4 min = 4 × 60 sec]

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3(1250 + x)}{25} = 240 \Rightarrow 3750 + 3x = 6000 \Rightarrow 3x = 2250$$
$$\Rightarrow x = 750 \text{ m}.$$

43. (B) Let the marks obtained by Dinesh
$$= x$$
. Then,

Marks obtained by Rahim = x + 10

Marks obtained by George = x + 10 - 25 = x - 15

Now,
$$x + x + 10 + x - 15 = 235$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x - 5 = 235 \Rightarrow 3x = 240 \Rightarrow x = 80$$

Hence, marks obtained by Geroge = x - 15 = 80 - 15 = 65.

44. (D)
$$10 \times 10 + [400 \div \{100 - (50 - \overline{3 \times 10})\}]$$

= $10 \times 10 + [400 \div \{100 - (50 - 30)\}]$
= $10 \times 10 + [400 \div \{100 - 20\}] = 10 \times 10 + [400 \div 80]$
= $10 \times 10 + 5 = 100 + 5 = 105$.

45. (A) Required percentage =
$$\left(\frac{360}{3 \times 1000} \times 100\right)\% = 12\%$$
.

46. (B) Let C.P. be
$$\mathbb{Z}$$
 x. Then,

S.P.
$$= \overline{\xi} \left(\frac{100 + 20}{100} \times x \right) = \overline{\xi} \frac{120x}{100} = \overline{\xi} \frac{6x}{5}$$

Now,
$$\frac{6x}{5} - x = 240 \implies \frac{x}{5} = 240 \implies x = 1200.$$

∴ S.P. =
$$\frac{8x}{5} = \frac{6x}{5} = \frac{6x}{5} = \frac{440}{5} = \frac{440}{5}$$

47. **(B)** Filled Part =
$$\frac{11 \times 10 \times 6}{11 \times 10 \times 9} = \frac{2}{3}$$
.

$$\therefore \text{ Empty Part} = 1 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$= \frac{\text{Area of floor}}{\text{Area of 1 tile}}$$
$$= \frac{12 \times 100 \times 10 \times 100}{10 \times 8} = 15000.$$

49. (B) Let C.P. be ₹x. Then,

$$\frac{115x}{100} - \frac{108x}{100} = 56 \quad \Rightarrow \frac{7x}{100} = 56$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{56 \times 100}{7} \quad \Rightarrow x = 800.$$

Hence, C.P. of the chair = ₹800.

50. (D) Speed = 45 km/hr

Total distance = (1 + 2) km = 3 km

$$\therefore \text{ Time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}} = \left(\frac{3}{45} \times 60\right) \text{minutes} = 4 \text{ minutes}.$$

51. (D) Five thousand five hundred fifty five = 5555

52. (D) Largest 4-digit number by using the digits 9, 7, 0, 4 = 9740 Smallest 4-digit number by using the digits 9, 7, 0, 4 = 4079

 \therefore Required difference = 9740 – 4079 = 5661.

53. (A) Let two numbers be x any y. Then,

$$x + y = 8$$

$$xy = 15$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{x+y}{xy} = \frac{8}{15}.$$

54. (D) Given numbers are:

$$2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5^5$$
; $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7$; $2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5 \times 7^2 \times 13$

 \therefore Required H.C.F. = $2^2 \times 3^2 \times 5$

55. (B) Let three consecutive numbers be x, x + 1 and x + 2. Then, $x + x + 1 + x + 2 = 15 \implies 3x + 3 = 15 \implies 3x = 12$ $\Rightarrow x = 4$

 \therefore Required number = $(x+1)^2 = (4+1)^2 = 5^2 = 25$.

56. (D) Divisibility rule by 8— last three digit number of given number is divisible by 8.

57. (C) 1 cm = 0.00001 km $\Rightarrow 5 \text{ cm} = (5 \times 0.00001) \text{ km} = 0.00005 \text{ km}.$

58. (B) Required number = L.C.M. of (3, 4, 5 and 6) $= 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 5 = 60.$ $2 \mid 3, 4, 5, 6 \\
\hline
3 \mid 3, 2, 5, 3 \\
\hline
1, 2, 5, 1$

59. (B)
$$\frac{4.239}{0.9} = \frac{4239 \times 10}{9 \times 1000} = \frac{471}{100} = 4.71$$

60. (C) Correct time = 7:05 a.m. - 25 minutes = <math>6:40 a.m.

Hours minute

(65)

7 05

- 25

6 40

Hence, correct time = 6:40 a.m.

61. (A) 62. (C) 63. (A) 64. (D) 65. (A) 66. (C)

67. (D) 68. (B) 69. (B) 70. (C) 71. (A) 72. (C)

73. (C) 74. (D) 75. (C) 76. (A) 77. (B) 78. (D)

79. (B) 80. (A)